

# The RAF/MEK clamp avutometinib (VS-6766) induces an immunogenic tumor microenvironment and potentiates the efficacy of anti-PD-I

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### BACKGROUND

The RAS/RAF/MEK/ERK (MAPK) pathway is one of the most commonly mutated oncogenic pathways in human cancers (1). Although RAS, RAF and MEK have been validated as anticancer targets with approval of KRAS G12C, BRAF and MEK inhibitors, combination strategies with chemotherapy, targeted therapies and/or immune checkpoint inhibitors may be optimal for deep and durable response (2, 3). Indeed, the combinations of the KRAS GI2C inhibitors (GI2Ci) sotorasib or adagrasib with anti-PD-I have been clinically evaluated in first-line KRAS GI2C nonsmall cell lung cancer (NSCLC) (4, 5) with adagrasib + anti-PD-1 showing a manageable safety profile and encouraging clinical activity.

Avutometinib (VS-6766) is a unique RAF/MEK clamp that potently inhibits MEK kinase activity and induces dominant negative RAF/MEK complexes, preventing phosphorylation of MEK by ARAF, BRAF and CRAF (Figure 1) (6-8). Preclinically, avutometinib potentiates G12Ci efficacy in KRAS GI2C NSCLC models in vivo (Figure 2) (8) and two clinical studies of avutometinib in combination with sotorasib (NCT05074810) or adagrasib (NCT05375994) for patients with KRAS G12C NSCLC are ongoing. Here, we tested the immune modulatory effects of avutometinib on tumor cells and tumor-infiltrating immune cells and assessed anti-tumor efficacy in mice treated with avutometinib  $\pm$  GI2Ci in combination with an anti-PD-I antibody.



**Figure I. (A)** Western blot analyses in HeLa cells treated with 1  $\mu$ M avutometinib (Avuto) or 1  $\mu$ M trametinib (Tram) for 3 hours (8). (B) Schematic showing that avutometinib is a unique RAF/MEK clamp that induces inactive complexes of MEK with ARAF, BRAF and CRAF. (C) Addition of avutometinib to GI2Ci might improve MAPK pathway blockade and anti-tumor efficacy through vertical inhibition of RAS, RAF and MEK.



N=10 mice/group. SD: stable disease; PR: partial response. (B) Changes in tumor volume in KRAS(+/G12C);p53null NSCLC GEMM mice treated with avutometinib (0.1 mg/kg PO QD) ± sotorasib (100 mg/kg PO QD) (8). Trametinib was tested at 0.1 mg/kg PO QD. N=5-15 mice/group. CR: Complete response.

## REFERENCES

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